



U.S. Department  
of Transportation

**Research and  
Special Programs  
Administration**

400 Seventh Street, S.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20590

**JUN 3 2004**

DOT-E 13381

EXPIRATION DATE: May 31, 2006

(FOR RENEWAL, SEE 49 CFR § 107.109)

1. GRANTEE: Carleton Technologies, Inc.  
Pressure Technology Division  
Westminster, MD
2. PURPOSE AND LIMITATIONS:
  - a. This exemption authorizes the manufacture, mark, sale and use of non-DOT specification fully wrapped carbon fiber reinforced aluminum lined cylinders for the transportation in commerce of the materials authorized by this exemption. The cylinders are authorized as equipment components aboard military vehicles only. This exemption provides no relief from the Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR) other than as specifically stated herein.
  - b. The safety analyses performed in development of this exemption only considered the hazards and risks associated with transportation in commerce. The safety analyses did not consider the hazards and risks associated with consumer use, use as a component of a transport vehicle or other device, or other uses not associated with transportation in commerce.
3. REGULATORY SYSTEM AFFECTED: 49 CFR Parts 106, 107 and 171-180.
4. REGULATIONS FROM WHICH EXEMPTED: 49 CFR §§ 173.302a(a) 173.304a(a), and 175.3, in that a non-DOT specification cylinder is not authorized, except as specified herein.

JUN 3 2004

5. BASIS: This exemption is based on the application of Carleton Technologies, Inc. dated December 29, 2003 and additional information dated March 22 and April 29, 2004, submitted in accordance with § 107.105 and the public proceeding thereon.
6. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (49 CFR § 172.101):

| <b>Hazardous Material Description</b>       |                               |                              |                      |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Proper Shipping Name</b>                 | <b>Hazard Class/ Division</b> | <b>Identification Number</b> | <b>Packing Group</b> |
| Air, compressed                             | 2.2                           | UN1002                       | N/A                  |
| Carbon dioxide, compressed                  | 2.2                           | UN1013                       | N/A                  |
| Compressed gas, n.o.s.                      | 2.2                           | UN1956                       | N/A                  |
| Compressed gas, oxidizing, n.o.s.           | 2.2                           | UN3156                       | N/A                  |
| Helium, compressed                          | 2.2                           | UN1046                       | N/A                  |
| Heptafluoropropane or Refrigerant gas R 227 | 2.2                           | UN3296                       | N/A                  |
| Liquefied gas, oxidizing, n.o.s.            | 2.2                           | UN3157                       | N/A                  |
| Nitrogen, compressed                        | 2.2                           | UN1066                       | N/A                  |
| Oxygen, compressed                          | 2.2                           | UN1072                       | N/A                  |
| Pentafluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 125  | 2.2                           | UN3220                       | N/A                  |

JUN 3 2004

7. SAFETY CONTROL MEASURES:

a. PACKAGING - Packaging prescribed is a fully wrapped carbon-fiber reinforced aluminum lined cylinder manufactured and marked in conformance with Basic Requirements for Fully Wrapped Carbon-Fiber Reinforced Aluminum Lined Cylinders (DOT-CFFC) (Fourth Revision), dated November 2000 except as follows:

CFFC-7(b) Stress Distribution requirements:

- (i) The maximum calculated tensile stress at any point in the liner at the service pressure may not exceed 60 percent of the yield strength of the liner as measured according to section 6(a) of this document. The stress in the sidewall of the liner at zero pressure must be compressive and be no more than 95 percent of the minimum yield strength of the liner material as determined per CFFC 6(a)(viii).

\* \* \*

CFFC-10(d) Ambient temperature cycling pressurization test:

At a minimum, two cylinders must be subjected to cycling pressurization tests in accordance with the following:

- (i) Procedure: The same except that each cylinder must be subjected to a minimum of 7,000 cycles.

\* \* \*

CFFC-10(e) Environmental cycling tests:

Two cylinders must be cycle tested in accordance with the following:

- (i) Procedure: The same except that the minimum number of cycles in Step 2 is 3,500 cycles.

\* \* \*

## CFFC-10(f) Thermal cycling test:

Two cylinders shall be cycle tested in accordance with the following:

- (i) Procedure: The same except that the minimum number of cycles in Step 1 is 7,000 cycles.

\* \* \*

b. TESTING - Cylinders must be removed from the vehicle and reinspected and hydrostatically retest at least once every five years. Testing must be performed in accordance with § 180.205, tested to 5/3 of the marked service pressure, and the latest edition of CGA Pamphlet C-6.2 "Guidelines for Visual Inspection and Re-qualification of Fiber Reinforced High Pressure Cylinders", except as specifically noted herein:

(1) Cylinders must be volumetrically tested by the water jacket method suitable for the determination of the cylinder expansion for a minimum test time of one minute.

(2) A maximum permanent expansion to total expansion ratio does not apply. The cylinder must be condemned if the elastic expansion exceeds the rejection elastic expansion (REE) as marked on the cylinder.

(3) Retest markings must be applied on a label securely affixed to the cylinder and overcoated with epoxy, near the original test date. Metal stamping of the composite surface is prohibited. Reheat treatment of rejected cylinders is not authorized.

(4) A hydrostatic retest may be repeated as provided for in § 180.205, only two such retests are permitted. Pressurization prior to the official hydrostatic test for the purpose of a systems check must not exceed 85% of the required test pressure.

(5) Cylinders with fiber damage (cuts, abrasions, etc.) that exceed Level 1 type damage as defined in CGA Pamphlet C-6.2 and meet the following depth and length criteria are considered to have Level 2 damage:

(i) Depth - Damage that upon visual inspection is seen to penetrate the outer fiberglass layer but does not expose the carbon layer beneath, or that has a measured depth of greater than 0.005 and less than 0.045 inch for cylinders with an outside diameter greater than 7.5 inches or less than 0.035 inches for cylinders 7.5 inches or less in outside diameter;

(ii) Length - Damage that has a maximum allowable length of:

| Region                      | Direction of fiber damage                                 | Maximum length of damage   |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Cylinder sidewall and domes | Transverse to fiber direction (longitudinal direction)    | 20% of the length of the straight sidewall section of the cylinder |
| Cylinder sidewall and domes | In the direction of the fiber (circumferential direction) | 20% of the length of the straight sidewall section of the cylinder |

(6) Cylinders with damage that meet the Level 2 criteria must be rejected. Retesters must contact the cylinder manufacturer in the event that damage is questionable based on this criteria. Repair of rejected cylinders is authorized for Level 2 type damage. Repairs must be made in accordance with CGA pamphlet C-6.2, prior to the hydrostatic pressure test. Repairs must be evaluated after the hydrostatic test.

(7) Cylinders that have direct fiber damage that penetrates through the outer fiberglass layer and into the carbon layer, or that have a measured damage depth of greater than the Level 2 maximum stated in (6) above are considered to have Level 3 type damage. Cylinders that have damage with depth meeting Level 2, but length exceeding the Level 2 maximum are considered to have Level 3 type damage. Cylinders with Level 3 type damage are not authorized to be repaired, and must be condemned.

c. OPERATIONAL CONTROLS -

- (1) Cylinders manufactured under this exemption are not authorized for use fifteen (15) years after the date of manufacture.
- (2) Cylinders may not be used for underwater breathing purposes.
- (3) Cylinders used in oxygen service must conform with § 173.302a(a)(5)(i)-(iv).
- (4) A cylinder that has been subjected to fire may not be returned to service.
- (5) Transportation of oxygen is only authorized when in accordance with § 172.102(c)(2) Special Provision A52 and §§ 175.85(h) and (i).
- (6) Cylinders must be packaged in accordance with § 173.301(a)(9).
- (7) Cylinders are authorized only for use as equipment aboard military vehicles.

8. SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

- a. In accordance with the provisions of Paragraph (b) of § 173.22a, persons may use the packaging authorized by this exemption for the transportation of the hazardous materials specified in paragraph 6, only in conformance with the terms of this exemption.
- b. A person who is not a holder of this exemption, but receives a package covered by this exemption, may reoffer it for transportation provided no modification or change is made to the package or its contents and it is offered for transportation in conformance with this exemption and the HMR.
- c. A current copy of this exemption must be maintained at each facility where the package is offered or reoffered for transportation.

JUN 3 2004

- d. A current copy of this exemption must be maintained at each facility where the package is manufactured under this exemption. It must be made available to a DOT representative upon request.
- e. Each packaging manufactured under the authority of this exemption must be either (1) marked with the name of the manufacturer and location (city and state) of the facility at which it is manufactured or (2) marked with a registration symbol designated by the Office of Hazardous Materials Exemptions and Approvals for a specific manufacturing facility.
- f. The cylinders described in this exemption are authorized only for normal transportation as an article of commerce i.e., the movement of hazardous materials packages from consignor to consignee.
9. MODES OF TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZED: Motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, cargo aircraft only, and passenger-carrying aircraft (see paragraph 7.c.(5) for restrictions).
10. MODAL REQUIREMENTS: A current copy of this exemption must be carried aboard each cargo vessel or aircraft used to transport packages covered by this exemption. The shipper must furnish a copy of this exemption to the air carrier before or at the time the shipment is tendered.
11. COMPLIANCE: Failure by a person to comply with any of the following may result in suspension or revocation of this exemption and penalties prescribed by the Federal hazardous materials transportation law, 49 U.S.C. 5101 et seq:
- o All terms and conditions prescribed in this exemption and the Hazardous Materials Regulations, 49 CFR Parts 171-180.
  - o Persons operating under the terms of this exemption must comply with the security plan requirement in Subpart I of Part 172 of the HMR, when applicable.
  - o Registration required by § 107.601 et seq., when applicable.

Each "Hazmat employee", as defined in § 171.8, who performs a function subject to this exemption must receive training on the requirements and conditions of this exemption in addition to the training required by §§ 172.700 through 172.704.

No person may use or apply this exemption, including display of its number, when this exemption has expired or is otherwise no longer in effect.

- 12. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: The carrier is required to report any incident involving loss of packaging contents or packaging failure to the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety (AAHMS) as soon as practicable. (Sections 171.15 and 171.16 apply to any activity undertaken under the authority of this exemption.) In addition, the holder(s) of this exemption must also inform the AAHMS, in writing, as soon as practicable of any incidents involving the package and shipments made under this exemption.

Issued in Washington, D.C.:



*fe* Robert A. McGuire  
Associate Administrator for  
Hazardous Materials Safety

**JUN 3 2004**

(DATE)

Address all inquiries to: Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, Research and Special Programs Administration, Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590.  
Attention: DHM-31.

Copies of this exemption may be obtained by accessing the Hazardous Materials Safety Homepage at <http://hazmat.dot.gov/exemptions> Photo reproductions and legible reductions of this exemption are permitted. Any alteration of this exemption is prohibited.

PO: cwf